

# **PS732**



Centers (mm/mil)	2,54 / 100
Current	5,0 A *
R typ	20 mOhm *
Temperature	-45°C+100°C

### Spring Force Probe+Sensor (cN ±20%)

Version	Preload Nomina			
Sensor	40	60		
Standard	30	90		

### Travel (mm)

Version	Nominal	Maximum
Standard	4,0	5,0
Thread (M)		1,6
Wrench Size		1,7
Pointing Accuracy		±0,08 mm

### **Materials and Plating**

Plunger	BeCu, gold plated
Barrel	Brass, gold plated
Spring	Music wire, silver plated
Receptacles	Brass, unplated

### Accessories

Insertion tool receptacle	FEWZ-772E0		
Screw-in tool probe	FWZ732 (T)		
screw-in tool probe	FWZ732S1 (T)		
Screw-in tool sensor	FWZPS100		
Extension cable for	2112221		
Molex-connector (250 mm)	2112221		

### Drill Size (mm)

H732PS without knurl	1,99 - 2,00
H732PSRD with knurl	2,02 - 2,04

### Projection Height (mm)

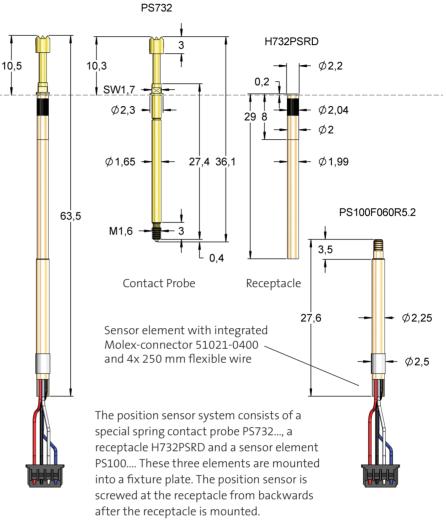
H732PSRD with PS732 10,5

### 2112221:

Extension cable 250 mm for Molex-connector



Series	-	Tip-Ø	Sp	oring Force (cN)
PS732 05	В	180	G	090
Tip Style	 Material	I	Plating	Version
Material:	B = BeCu			
Tip-Ø:	180 = 1,80 mm (e.g.)			
Plating:	G = Gold plated			
Note:	Additional receptacle and position sensor required, order code according to drawing			



\* The values for current and resistance are only valid for a soldered connection at the receptacle. The blue wire of the Molex connector only allows a maximum current of 1,0 A and R  $_{\rm typ}$  500 mOhm.

### \*\* Center differing from standard.

				0	0		
Tip Style	Number	Material	Plating	Ø in mm	Version		
	05	В	G	1,80	-		
	06	В	G	1,50	-		
	06	В	G	1,80	-		
	06	В	G	2,00	-		
	06	В	G	2,50 **	-		
	11	В	G	0,64	-		
	11	В	G	0,80	-		
	11	В	G	1,00	-		
	12	В	G	1,40	-		
	16	В	G	0,80	-		
	16	В	G	1,00	-		
	16	В	G	1,20	-		
	17	В	G	1,40	-		
	17	В	G	3,00 **	-		

## **Position Sensor System**

### **Contact Probe with Integrated Potentiometer**

The position sensor system has been developed to enable an exact measurement of the travel of the plunger additionally to contacting the test item.

The system has a modular design and consists of a contact probe, a receptacle and a sensor element with integrated potentiometer. The potentiometer is galvanically isolated from the probe.

After applying an operating voltage, the sensor supplies a measurement voltage that is linear to the travel of the plunger (potentiometric operation). Alternatively, with restrictions regarding accuracy and life cycle, also the resulting resistance can be used as measurement value (resistive operation). FEINMETALL recommends the potentiometric operation for all position sensor systems. The measurement results can be analyzed by the available tester environment, commonly.

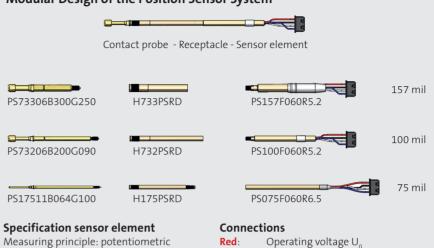
### Variants

The position sensor system is available for different centers of 75 mil. 100 mil and 157 mil. For 100 mil centers a twist proof version is available (PS756). The system for 157 mil is suitable for airtight modules or fixtures (i.e. leakage rate < 0,5 cm<sup>3</sup> / min at 0,7 bar).

### **Measuring ranges**

PS175: 0...6,4 mm (75 mil) PS756: 0...4,4 mm (100 mil) PS732: 0...5,0 mm (100 mil) PS733: 0...5,0 mm (157 mil)

- U<sub>0</sub> Operating voltage (maximum 10 VDC)
- U\_\_ Measuring voltage (potentiometric op.)
- $(U_1 < U_m < U_p U_3)$  $R_m$ Measuring resistance (resistive op.)  $(R_1 < R_m < R_p - R_3)$
- R, Initial resistance
- U, Initial voltage  $(U_1 = I * R_1)$
- R, Final resistance
- U, Final voltage (U<sub>3</sub>= I \* R<sub>3</sub>)
- Potentiometric resistance R<sub>P</sub>  $(4,5 \text{ kOhm} \pm 20\%) (R_p = R_1 + R + R_3)$
- R. Slider resistance
- Load resistor (optional to protect against R, over-current at the slider)



Red:

Black:

Blue

White

Mass

Measuring principle: potentiometric Accuracy: ≤ 2% Reproducibility: typ. ≤ ±0,05 mm Therm. resist. coeff. 5x10-5/K Nominal spring force: 60 cN Preload: 40 cN Nominal: 4,0 mm

### Calibration

Due to test principle with a certain initial and final resistance and due to electrical and mechanical tolerances the exact plunger position in millimeter requires a calibration of the position sensor system after assembly.

### **Measurement of relative values**

By calculating the difference between two measurement values of one probe deviations related to a required position can be determined in positive or negative travel direction.

### **Reference** measurement

By calculating the difference between two measurement values of different probes deviations related to a reference position can be determined.

The reference can either be a certain reference point of the test item or a special "golden device".

Measuring signal U\_ or R\_

(maximum current 1 A)

Test point of contact probe tip

### **7ero balance**

Depending on the hard- and software of the test system the measurement signal can be zeroed at user-defined positions. This method allows positive or negative deviations without calculating any differences.

**FEINMETALL** recommends periodic calibration and zeroing of the system.

